## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

## 1. (Cancelled)

- 2. (Currently Amended) A variable-nozzle mechanism of an exhaust turbocharger in which the a driving force of an actuator is transmitted to nozzle vanes supported for rotation by a nozzle mount to vary the an angle of a blade of the nozzle vanes, wherein the variable-nozzle mechanism is eomposed arranged such that a nozzle plate of having an annular shape is connected to said nozzle mount by means of a plurality of nozzle supports located circumferentially between the nozzle vanes, and said a drive ring is provided in the at a side of the nozzle mount opposite to the nozzle vanes in the an axial direction of the turbocharger so that the an axial position of said drive ring is restricted by thrust bearing elements attached to said nozzle mount, thus the variable-nozzle mechanism being constructed as a variable-nozzle mechanism assembly like a kind of cartridge which is easy to incorporate which can be incorporated to or remove removed from the turbocharger.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The variable-nozzle mechanism according to claim 2, wherein said thrust bearing elements comprises comprise a plurality of roller elements supported for rotation and cantilever-mounted to said nozzle mount on a plurality of circumferential locations, the roller elements supporting the an inner circumferential face of said drive ring so that the drive ring is possible to rotate rotatable and at the same time restricting the axial position of the drive ring.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The variable-nozzle mechanism according to claim 3, wherein roller pins supporting said roller elements to the nozzle mount are fixed in the holes penetrating the nozzle mount.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The variable-nozzle mechanism according to claim 3, wherein washers are provided on the <u>a</u> side of the nozzle mount facing the roller elements and roller pins

supporting said roller elements to the nozzle mount are inserted in the inner eircumference circumferences of said washer washers, respectively.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The variable-nozzle mechanism according to claim 3, wherein said roller pin pins for supporting the roller element elements to the nozzle mount is are each formed as a roller pin with a washer.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The variable-nozzle mechanism according to claim 2, wherein said drive ring is provided in the side of the nozzle mount opposite to the nozzle vanes in the axial direction of the turbocharger so that the <u>an</u> inner circumferential face of the drive ring is supported on the nozzle mount, said thrust bearing elements are fixed to <u>an end of the nozzle mount on the said opposite</u> side end face of the nozzle mount <u>opposite</u> to the nozzle vanes at a plurality of locations, the axial position of the drive ring is restricted by one of the <u>a</u> side face of each thrust bearing element and the <u>a</u> side face of said <u>a</u> periphery part of the nozzle mount, and the <u>an</u> end face of each thrust bearing element serves as a thrust bearing face against the <u>a</u> bearing housing.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The variable-nozzle mechanism according to claim 2, wherein each of said thrust bearing elements is a nail pin composed of comprising a shaft portion to be pressed into the <u>a</u> hole in the nozzle mount and a head part, of which the <u>an</u> underside face of the head part which continues to the shaft portion serving as a thrust bearing face facing the <u>a</u> side face of the drive ring, and the <u>a</u> top face of the head part serving as a thrust bearing face against the a bearing housing.
- 9. (Currently Amended) An exhaust turbocharger with a variable-nozzle mechanism in which the a driving force of an actuator is transmitted via a drive ring to nozzle vanes supported for rotation by a nozzle mount to vary the an angle of a blade of the nozzle vanes, wherein said variable-nozzle mechanism is composed arranged such that a nozzle plate of having an annular shape is connected to said nozzle mount by means of a plurality of nozzle supports located

circumferentially between the nozzle vanes, and said drive ring is provided in the at a side of the nozzle mount opposite to the nozzle vanes in the an axial direction of the turbocharger so that the an axial position of said drive ring is restricted by thrust bearing elements attached to said nozzle mount, thus the variable-nozzle mechanism being constructed as a variable-nozzle mechanism assembly like a kind of cartridge, the variable-nozzle mechanism assembly is mounted to the a bearing housing by centering location with the an inner circumferential face of the nozzle mount to determine the a radial position thereof, the a turbine casing is mounted to the nozzle mount by centering location with the an outer circumferential face of the nozzle mount, and the an axial position of the variable-nozzle mechanism assembly is defined between the bearing housing and turbine casing by their respective side parts, thus the variable-nozzle mechanism being able to be easily incorporated to or removed from the turbocharger.

- 10. (Currently Amended) The exhaust turbocharger with a variable-nozzle mechanism according to claim 9, wherein the turbocharger is constructed such that the a side of the variable-nozzle mechanism assembly is possible able to contact the bosses provided in the bearing housing to define the axial position of the variable-nozzle mechanism assembly and the nozzle plate of the variable-nozzle mechanism assembly is received in the an annular groove formed in the turbine casing to be supported therein.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing an exhaust turbocharger with a variable-nozzle mechanism in which the <u>a</u> driving force of an actuator is transmitted via a drive ring to nozzle vanes supported for rotation by a nozzle mount to vary the <u>an</u> angle of <u>a</u> blade of the nozzle vanes, wherein the method comprising:

connecting a nozzle plate of <u>having an</u> annular shape is connected to <u>said the</u> nozzle mount by means of a plurality of nozzle supports located circumferentially between the nozzle vanes and <u>said the</u> drive ring is provided in the <u>at a</u> side of the nozzle mount opposite to the nozzle vanes in the <u>an</u> axial direction of the turbocharger so that the <u>an</u> axial position of <u>said the</u> drive ring is restricted by thrust bearing elements attached to <u>said the</u> nozzle mount to construct a variable-nozzle mechanism <u>assembly like a kind of cartridge</u>, <u>assembly</u>; and thereafter

mounting the variable-nozzle mechanism assembly is mounted to the <u>a</u> bearing housing by centering location with the <u>an</u> inner circumferential face of the nozzle mount to determine the <u>a</u> radial position thereof, and <u>mounting</u> the turbine casing is mounted to the nozzle mount by centering location with the <u>an</u> outer circumferential face of the nozzle mount, thus the variable-nozzle mechanism being able to be easily incorporated to or removed from the turbocharger.

12. (Currently Amended) The method of manufacturing an exhaust turbocharger with the variable-nozzle mechanism according to claim 11, wherein in said mounting of the variable-nozzle mechanism assembly, the an axial position of said the variable-nozzle mechanism assembly is defined between the bearing housing and turbine casing by their respective side parts so that the same variable-nozzle mechanism assembly can be easily mounted to and dismounted from the turbocharger.